

## **Hydrogen Peroxide 10-19% (All Grades)**

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

## **Company**

Seeler Industries, Inc. 1 Genstar Drive Joliet, IL 60435 (815)740-2640

## **Emergency Information**

**Transportation:** CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

#### **Product Information**

Product name: Hydrogen Peroxide 10-19% (All Grades)

Synonyms: Not available
Molecular formula: H2O2
Chemical family: peroxides
Molecular weight: 34.01 g/mol

Product use: Bleaching agent, Oxidizing agent, Cosmetics, Water treatment

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## **Emergency Overview**

Color: colourless
Physical state: liquid
Odor: pungent

# \*Classification of the substance or mixture: Oxidizing liquids, Category 3, H272

Oxidizing liquids, Category 3, H272
Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, H335
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3, H412

\*For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

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## **Hydrogen Peroxide 10-19% (All Grades)**

## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard pictograms:





Signal word: Warning

#### **Hazard statements:**

H272: May intensify fire; oxidiser. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements:**

#### Prevention:

P210: Keep away from heat.

P220 : Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials. P221 : Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

P261 : Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 : Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response:

P304 + P340 : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 : If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P370 + P378 : In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

#### Storage

P403 + P233 : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405: Store locked up.

#### Disposal

P501: Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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## Hydrogen Peroxide 10-19% (All Grades)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt/Wt	GHS Classification**
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	> 10 - < 19 %	H272, H318, H335, H412
Water	7732-18-5	>= 81 - <= 90 %	Not classified

<sup>\*\*</sup>For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

#### Skin:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

#### Eyes:

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## Notes to physician:

Exposure to material may cause delayed lung injury resulting in pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Exposed individuals should be monitored for 72 hours after exposure for the onset of delayed respiratory symptoms.

## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

## Extinguishing media (suitable):

Water spray, water fog

#### Protective equipment:

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

## Further firefighting advice:

Oxidizing material

In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Decomposition will release oxygen, which will intensify a fire.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Closed containers of this material may explode when subjected to heat from surrounding fire.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

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### Fire and explosion hazards:

Explosive when mixed with combustible material. Avoid breathing fumes from fire exposed material.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### In case of spill or leak:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Ventilate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid generation of vapors. Avoid contact with cellulose, paper, sawdust or similar substances. Risk of self-ignition or promotion of fires. Combustible materials exposed to hydrogen peroxide should be rinsed immediately with large amounts of water to ensure that all the hydrogen peroxide is removed. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material such as clean sand, earth, diatomaceous earth or non-acidic clay and place into suitable properly labeled containers for prompt disposal. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **Handling**

#### General information on handling:

Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Keep from contact with clothing and other combustible materials.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear fire/ flame resistant/ retardant clothing.

Prevent product contamination.

Keep only in the original container.

Store in tightly closed container.

DO NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue.

Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned or destroyed.

Avoid contamination.

#### **Storage**

#### General information on storage conditions:

Store in tightly closed container. Store in cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of ignition such as flame, sparks and static electricity. Store out of direct sunlight in a cool well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Store away from combustibles and incompatible materials. Refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 430, Code for the Storage of Solid and Liquid Oxidizers.

### Storage incompatibility - General:

Store separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents, and combustibles. Store separate from: Organic materials Metallic oxides

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Airborne Exposure Guidelines:

#### **HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (7722-84-1)**

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Time weighted average 1 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

PEL: 1 ppm (1.4 mg/m3)

Only those components with exposure limits are printed in this section. Limits with skin contact designation above have skin contact effect. Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required. Limits with a sensitizer designation above mean that exposure to this material may cause allergic reactions.

## **Engineering controls:**

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposures or to control exposure levels to below airborne exposure limits (if applicable see above). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

Consult ACGIH ventilation manual or NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems.

## Respiratory protection:

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Where airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. Full facepiece equipment is recommended and, if used, replaces need for face shield and/or chemical goggles. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

## Skin protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant protective clothing and chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact.

When handling this material, gloves of the following type(s) should be worn:

Neoprene

Polyvinylchloride

Impervious butyl rubber gloves

Wear a face shield, chemical goggles and chemical resistant clothing such as an approved splash protective suit made of SBR Rubber, PVC, Gore-Tex or a HAZMAT Splash Protective Suit (Level A, B, or C) when splashing may occur (such as connecting/disconnecting, mechanical first break). For foot protection, wear boots made of NBR, PVC, polyurethane, or neoprene. Overboots made of Latex or PVC, as well as firefighter boots or specialized HAZMAT boots are also permitted. DO NOT wear any form of boot or overboots made of

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nylon or nylon blends. DO NOT use cotton, wool or leather, as these materials react RAPIDLY with higher concentrations of hydrogen peroxide. Rinse immediately if skin is contaminated. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Thoroughly rinse the outside of gloves and protective clothing with water prior to removal. Completely submerge hydrogen peroxide contaminated clothing or other materials in water prior to drying. Residual hydrogen peroxide, if allowed to dry on materials such as paper, fabrics, cotton, leather, wood or other combustibles can cause the material to ignite and result in a fire. Clean protective equipment before reuse. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### Eye protection:

Where there is potential for eye contact, wear chemical goggles and have eye flushing equipment immediately available.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color: colourless

Physical state: liquid

Odor: pungent

Odor threshold: No data available

Flash point None.

**Auto-ignition** 

temperature:

Not applicable

Lower flammable limit

(LFL):

Not applicable

Upper flammable limit

(UFL):

Not applicable

pH: No data available

**Density:** 1.034 g/cm3

**Vapor pressure:** 27.9 mmHg (86 °F (30 °C))

Relative vapor density: 1

Vapor density: not determined

**Boiling point/boiling** 

range:

216 °F (102 °C)

Freezing point: 14.9 °F (-9.5 °C)

**Evaporation rate:** No data available

Solubility in water: completely soluble

% Volatiles: 100 %

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## **Hydrogen Peroxide 10-19% (All Grades)**

Molecular weight: 34.01 g/mol

Oil/water partition

No data available

coefficient:

Thermal decomposition No data available

Flammability: See GHS Classification in Section 2

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Stability:

This material is chemically stable under normal and anticipated storage, handling and processing conditions.

#### Materials to avoid:

Metals

Organic materials Reducing agents Metallic oxides Alkaline materials

Dusts

Combustible materials (e.g., wood, sawdust)

## Conditions / hazards to avoid:

Material decomposes with the potential to produce a rupture of unvented closed containers.

#### Hazardous decomposition products:

This material decomposes if contaminated, causing fire and possible explosions. Oxygen can be liberated at temperatures above ambient.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

## Data for Hydrogen Peroxide 10-19% (All Grades)

## **Acute toxicity**

#### Oral:

Practically nontoxic. (rat) LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg. (10 %) (as aqueous solution)

#### Dermal:

May be harmful in contact with skin. (rat and rabbit) LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg. (35 %) (as aqueous solution)

#### Inhalation:

No deaths occurred. (rat) 4 h LC0 > 0.17 mg/l. (50 %) (saturated vapor)

## Skin Irritation:

Not irritating. (rabbit) (3 - 10 %) (aqueous solution)

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### Eye Irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation. (rabbit) (10 %) (aqueous solution)

Causes serious eye irritation. (rabbit) (8 %) (aqueous solution)

## Data for HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (7722-84-1)

## **Acute toxicity**

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure:

May cause respiratory irritation.

## Repeated dose toxicity

Repeated drinking water administration to rat and mouse / affected organ(s): Gastro-intestinal tract / signs: irritation

Repeated inhalation administration to Rat / affected organ(s): nose / signs: irritation

#### Carcinogenicity

Chronic drinking water administration to rat and mouse / affected organ(s): Gastro-intestinal tract / signs: Increased incidence of tumors was reported.

Classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as: Group 3: Unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans.

#### Genotoxicity

#### Assessment in Vitro:

Genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria, animal cells

#### **Genotoxicity**

#### **Assessment in Vivo:**

Genetic changes were observed in a laboratory test using: mice, rats

#### **Human experience**

#### Inhalation:

Throat: irritation. (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers)

## **Human experience**

## Skin contact:

Skin: bleaching of hair. (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers)

## **Human experience**

#### Eye contact:

Eye: irritating. (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers)

## Human experience

## Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal tract: bloating, ulceration, burns. (accidental exposure to concentrated solutions)

Lung: accumulation of fluid in the lungs, death. (severity of effects depends on extent of exposure)

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Chemical Fate and Pathway**

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

#### Data for HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (7722-84-1)

#### **Biodegradation:**

Readily biodegradable. (0.02 d) biodegradation 99 %

## **Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:**

log Pow = -1.57 (calculated)

### **Ecotoxicology**

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

#### Data for HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (7722-84-1)

#### Aquatic toxicity data:

Harmful. Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 96 h LC50 = 16.4 mg/l

#### Aquatic invertebrates:

Toxic. Daphnia pulex (Water flea) 48 h EC50 = 2.4 mg/l

#### Algae:

Toxic. Skeletonema costatum 72 h ErC50 = 1.38 mg/l

## Microorganisms:

Activated sludge 0.5 h EC50 = 466 mg/l Activated sludge 3 h EC50 > 1,000 mg/l

## Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

Harmful. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 21 d NOEC (reproduction) = 0.63 mg/l

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste disposal:

Dilution with water is the preferred method of disposal. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

Take appropriate measures to prevent release to the environment.

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## **US Department of Transportation (DOT)**

UN Number : 2984

Proper shipping name : Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solutions

Class : 5.1 Packaging group : III Marine pollutant : no

#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN Number : 2984

Proper shipping name : HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Class : 5.1
Packaging group : III
Marine pollutant : no

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **Chemical Inventory Status**

EU. EINECS EINECS Conforms to

United States TSCA Inventory TSCA The components of this product are all on

the TSCA Inventory.

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

DSL

All components of this product are on the

Canadian DSL.

Conforms to

China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in IECSC (CN)

China (IECSC)

Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical ENCS (JP) Conforms to

Substances Inventory

Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances ISHL (JP) Conforms to

Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) KECI (KR) Conforms to

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical PICCS (PH) Conforms to

Substances (PICCS)

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) AICS Conforms to

### <u>United States – Federal Regulations</u>

## SARA Title III - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:

Chemical NameCAS-No.SARA<br/>Reportable<br/>QuantitiesSARA<br/>Threshold<br/>Planning

<u>es</u> <u>Planning</u> <u>Quantity</u>

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## **Hydrogen Peroxide 10-19% (All Grades)**

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 7722-84-1 1000 lbs 1000 lbs

## SARA Title III - Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Fire Hazard, Reactivity Hazard

#### SARA Title III - Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

# Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantity (RQ):

The components in this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

#### United States - State Regulations

### **New Jersey Right to Know**

Chemical NameCAS-No.HYDROGEN PEROXIDE7722-84-1

## New Jersey Right to Know - Special Health Hazard Substance(s)

Chemical NameCAS-No.HYDROGEN PEROXIDE7722-84-1

#### Pennsylvania Right to Know

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 Water
 7732-18-5

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 7722-84-1

## Pennsylvania Right to Know - Environmentally Hazardous Substance(s)

<u>Chemical Name</u> <u>CAS-No.</u>

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 7722-84-1

#### California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive defects.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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## **Hydrogen Peroxide 10-19% (All Grades)**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Miscellaneous:

Other information:

#### Latest Revision(s):

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